

# The relationship between FRO radio galaxies and GPS sources

<u>Alexander Mikhailov</u>, Yulia Sotnikova Special Astrophysical Observatory, Russia

12 May 2021

# The sample and observations

- 34 objects from FROCAT (Baldi et al., 2018) with S > 30 mJy at 1.4 GHz
- $z < 0.05, -09^{\circ} < Dec < 47^{\circ}, 01^{h} < RA < 17^{h}$
- The Northern sector of the RATAN-600 radio telescope, frequencies: 1.28, 2.25, 4.7, 8.2, 11.2, 22.3 GHz
- Transit mode (the horizontal passage of the source in the meridian through the unmoving pattern of the telescope due to the Earth rotation)
- Quasi-simultaneous spectra were obtained as a result of averaging all records of the source passage over a timescale of 7-10 days
- Observations: February 2020 currently
- 2-6 observing epochs for each object



f <sub>o</sub> (GHz)	Δf <sub>o</sub> (GHz)	ΔF (mJy/beam)	HPBW <sub>x</sub> sec	AR arcsec
22.3	2.5	70	1.0	11
11.2	1.4	20	1.4	16
8.2	1.0	25	2.0	22
4.7	0.6	5	3.2	36
2.25	0.08	40	7.2	80
1.28	0.06	175	15.4	170

# Quasi-simultaneous spectra

	N	%
steep	7	29
inverted	3	12
peaked	10	42
upturn	4	17

Type of a spectrum

#### Spectral indices

 $\alpha = \frac{\log S_2 - \log S_1}{\log v_2 - \log v_1}$ 

range	N	mean	sd	median
2.25-4.7	5	-0.15	0.66	-0.03
4.7-8.2	29	-0.03	0.33	-0.11
8.2-11.2	24	-0.50	0.73	-0.34
11.2-22.3	7	-0.31	0.34	-0.29



### **Radio properties**

#### Radio luminosity



#### Core dominance parameter





# *The continuum radio spectra of FRO radio galaxies*





Red points are the RATAN-600 measurements Black points are the literature data (GLEAM, TGSS, LOFAR, NVSS, VLASS, VLA, VLBI)

### FR0 and GPS



The source	$\alpha_{\sf below}$	$\alpha_{high}$	v <sub>peak</sub> , GHz
0115+0012*	0.45	-0.79	0.48
0906+4124	0.32	-0.05	11(?)
0909+1928*	0.45	-0.79	4.63
0943+3614*	0.41	-0.71	8.34
1025+1022	0.37	-0.45	0.97
1057+4056	0.23	-0.64	0.84
1111+2841	0.50	-0.30	10.69
1142+2629	0.39	-0.44	2.93
1205+2031	0.03	-0.39	0.37
1246+1153	0.21	-0.62	0.29
1334+1344	?	-0.68	0.39
1336+0319	?	-0.36	1.16
1604+1744	0.21	-0.38	5.67
1606+1814	0.16	-0.25	0.54







Quasi-simultaneous spectra with RATAN-600

The broad-band radio spectrum



Quasi-simultaneous spectra with RATAN-600

The broad-band radio spectrum



Quasi-simultaneous spectra with RATAN-600

The broad-band radio spectrum



# Summary

- We obtained radio spectra at 2.25-22.3 GHz for 34 FR0s.
- Quasi-simultaneous spectra of most objects (~40 %) have a peaked shape. Compared to the GPS sources, FROs have lower spectral curvature.
- Some FROs can be low power GPS sources.

# Problems

- Variability properties.
- The relationship between FROs and different classes of compact/extended radio sources.

# Thank you for your attention!